

Joint Consortium for School Health Governments Working Across the Health and Education Sectors

Injury Prevention

Quick Scan of Activities and Resources in Canadian Schools 2007

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1 Executive Summary

The aim of this report is to provide a quick scan of comprehensive school approaches to the prevention of unintentional and intentional injuries in Canadian school age children. The findings are of relevance to educators, educational administrators, and to practitioners and researchers in the field of injury prevention.

Literature, programs and activities relevant to this report were identified through the use of electronic databases, hand searching of journals, scanning reference lists and consulting with key informants in the field of injury prevention.

Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools have been effective primarily because of their two primary foci: health and learning. A wide variety of curricula, programs and activities exist that are beneficial to those involved in comprehensive approaches to injury prevention, including the well known *TD ThinkFirst for Kids* and *ThinkFirst for Teens* programs, along with a number of equally effective, albeit lesser known, curricula, including the *Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission*'s new set of lesson plans for the prevention of drug and alcohol abuse. Demographic groups at higher risk for injury than the general population have been identified, and include the disabled, First Nations students, male students and students of low socioeconomic status. A significant number of injury prevention documents, curricula, activities and programs focus on the prevention of specific injuries. These foci include bicycle safety, bullying, pedestrian safety, suicide, substance use and abuse, and violence related injury. In addition to these foci, comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools should be mindful of governmental legislation policy and the enforcement thereof.

Comprehensive injury prevention approaches, due to their nature, can be more effective than single exposure educational programs because comprehensive approaches include the strengthening of individual knowledge and skills, thereby increasing students' resources and their capacity for preventing injury (Cohen & Swift, 1999). It is essential that educators and researchers be able to identify the specific aspects of educational and skills training programs that are most effective in eliciting the behavioural changes that are necessary to promote safer behaviour in order that a set of best practices for comprehensive approaches to injury prevention can be established. There is an urgent need for evidence based prevention programming, which suggests that a high priority should be placed on the translation of empirical findings into programs that address Canadian injury prevention and control (Morrongiello, 2003).

2 Introduction

There is little question that injury, particularly to children and adolescents, should be prevented to the best of our ability. The 2005 SMARTRISK report, *Ending Canada's Invisible Epidemic: A Strategy for Injury Prevention*, identifies injury as an invisible epidemic, primarily because it is the leading killer of Canadians in the prime of their lives, and kills more youth and young adults than all other causes combined. In addition to this, injury also places a tremendous economic burden on this country, a burden that is conservatively estimated at \$14.7 billion annually in direct and indirect costs. For vulnerable groups, including children and youth, injury is their most significant health threat; however, evidence suggests that not only do successful injury prevention strategies exist, but also, once implemented, these strategies can effectively reduce injury rates (SMARTRISK, 2005).

Injury prevention strives to teach individuals how to assess and manage risks so that injury preventing behaviours can be adopted; more simply, it teaches living in healthy ways that minimize the risk of injury (Canadian injury prevention strategy: Developing a Canadian injury prevention strategy, CCCIPC). According to the Canadian Collaborative Centres for Injury Prevention and Control (CCCIPC), injury prevention means making positive choices to minimize risk at all levels of society while maintaining healthy, active and safe communities and lifestyles. These choices are influenced by a number of factors, including:

- Knowledge of behaviours that will increase safety and wellbeing and minimize risk of injury, including knowledge gained from exposure to injury prevention programs;
- Skills to carry out injury preventing behaviours and manage risk;
- Motivation to feel good about engaging in injury preventing behaviours and managing risk effectively, thereby enhancing self esteem;
- Opportunity and access to reasonable opportunities to carry out injury preventing behaviours;
- Supportive environments to make it easier to engage in injury preventing behaviours with the minimum of risk, which involves both supportive policies and environments.

Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools provide the necessary tools for students to become more safety conscious in their decision making processes. These approaches encompass a wide range of material, whose purpose is to prevent injury not only today, but also to instill safety education into children in order to prevent future injuries.

3 Methodology

For the purposes of this project, relevant literature was identified by means of searches of computerized databases, including ERIC (Ovid), ProQuest Education Journals, Education: A SAGE Full Text Collection and MEDLINE® (Ovid). This collection of research literature was supplemented by searching the archives of relevant journals, including *Injury Prevention* and *The Journal of School Health*. In addition, the reference lists of recently published articles and books were hand searched for relevant literature. Relevant websites and on-line documents were identified by means of searches of the Internet conducted via Google's search engine. This collection of on-line material was supplemented by searching the websites of providers of injury prevention material for pertinent links. In addition, several prominent websites were hand searched for relevant documents and links to other websites. The criteria for inclusion of literature, websites, and on-line documents were: the item was related solely or in part to the prevention of injuries in schools; the item targeted school age children/youth; and/or the item related solely or in part to injury prevention education. Experts were identified by the following means: authorship of a number of relevant books and/or articles; position(s) within prominent injury prevention organizations (e.g., Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research); and/or names suggested for inclusion by other experts in the field of injury prevention.

During the course of this project, a number of limitations were encountered that could have lead to potential bias. The first of these was under representation of certain areas (e.g., legislation and product safety). However, as has been found by previous researchers in the field of injury prevention, the studies that have been published are not evenly spread across the various injury types and, therefore, do not accurately reflect the injury burden. In light of this lack of evenness, the bias that is present in the literature may reflect the fact that some injury areas can be researched relatively easily compared with others. Injuries where there is a simple, single intervention (such as a bicycle helmet) that can be evaluated relatively simply within closed systems (for example, schools) are more likely to receive research attention (Towner, Dowswell & Jarvis, (2001). The second of these limitations was time constraint. As the scope of this particular project warranted a relatively small amount of time to be allocated to research, avenues that could otherwise have been pursued were abandoned due to lack of time for proper investigation. As a result, only searches that led to the highest volume of results were used to find literature and resources. A more comprehensive study of the relevant literature is warranted, particularly in light of the extensive list of documents that has been compiled in the short time that was allocated to research in this project. An extensive review of literature and resources relating to comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools is suggested.

4 General Findings

Comprehensive Approaches to Injury Prevention in Schools

Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools incorporate a wide variety of injury prevention strategies. While these approaches vary widely in scope, content and means of implementation, they all focus on health and learning, and strive to be as successful as possible in their goal to prevent injuries from occurring. Injury prevention is much more than education, and goes beyond the individual, as attempts to prevent childhood injuries with only medical interventions or educational materials can be expensive and insufficient (Cohen & Swift, 1999). According to Cohen and Swift (1999), education, particularly that which is aimed solely at changing specific behaviours, is not the only answer. Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention include the strengthening of individuals' knowledge and skills, which involves transferring information and know how to increase their resources and capacity for preventing injury or disease. In addition, these approaches incorporate the promotion of community education, which aims to reach groups of people with information and resources for improving health. Effective community education not only alerts individuals to new information, but also builds a critical mass of support for healthier behaviour, norms and policy changes. Comprehensive injury prevention also includes educating providers, which creates both highly effective advocates for policy changes that relate to their work experiences, as well as providers who not only have a better understanding of injury prevention, but are also able to transmit prevention messages to large numbers of people, which heightens public awareness of injury problems. As Cohen and Swift state at the conclusion of their article, a good injury prevention strategy "solves multiple problems, saves lives and money, reduces suffering, and enhances the prospects for community well being". These are goals that can be accomplished by the implementation of comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools.

Injury Prevention Curricula

There is a variety of curricula available in a number of formats that deal with injury prevention. In addition, there is also a significant volume of information that relates to the development and effective implementation of injury prevention curricula. One of the problems with injury prevention curricula lies in the fact that many previous attempts to prevent injuries through educational methods have been disappointing. However, many educators believe that ongoing school-based education is more likely to be effective than single exposure presentations. In addition, teaching prevention minded safety habits to elementary school aged children may also have effects that extend to older age groups. Many comprehensive curricula that focus on injury prevention are based on applied learning and behavioural and socialization theories which indicate that repeated, spaced messages using interrelated themes and varied modes of delivery best increase understanding, knowledge and sustained behaviour change. As a result, these curricula are designed to increase knowledge, skills and awareness of injuries, as well as risk factors, causes, consequences and protective measures, while attempting to instil the belief that children have the capability to develop safety habits (Azeredo & Stephens-Stidham, 2003). Noteworthy amongst injury prevention curricula are the TDThinkFirst for Kids (K8) and ThinkFirst for Teens curricula, and the new alcohol and drug abuse prevention lesson plans developed by the Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission.

Evaluation of Injury Prevention Strategies and Programs

According to injury prevention researchers Dowswell and Towner (1996), unintentional injury encompasses a range of injury types occurring in a number of settings, for example on the roads, at home and in play/leisure environments. In different injury settings, and for different injury types, there may be a number of potential countermeasures that can achieve reductions in either the frequency of events or the severity of the injuries that occur. Hence, there is no single measure that can solve the 'problem' of injury or any single target group on which to focus interventions. Thus, evaluation of past and present programs and activities is essential to ensure the effectiveness of comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools.

Demographic Student Groups at Higher Risk for Injury

Disability and Injury Prevention

Among the demographic student groups at higher risk for injury are disabled children, whom the American National Pediatric Trauma Registry reported sustain 17% of all school related injuries while representing fewer than 2% of the student population in the United States (Ramirez, et al., 2004). Creating and maintaining safe school environments is challenging enough, and becomes even more so when the needs of disabled students have to be taken into account. Even if structural modifications are incorporated into schools to increase their accessibility, students with disabilities may still be at high risk of injury. This is due to the fact that language, cognitive and motor skill limitations can complicate the processing of physical hazards at school. In addition, the design of suitable school environments for these children is further complicated by their varying functional levels. Autistic and deaf children, for example, differ in their behavioural, social and physical capacities, which may lead to differential risk of injury. However, risk in this population has neither been measured nor compared. Thus, Ramirez, Peek-Asa and Kraus' article, "Disability and Risk of School Related Injury" (2004), seeks to describe the epidemiology of school related injury among children enrolled in 17 special education schools in one large, urban school district.

Their article provides a great deal of insight into the rate of injury among students with disabilities; the nature and characteristics of school injuries; and risk of injury due to various disabling conditions. The authors found that risk of injury was highest among students with multiple disabilities, other disabled (students with established medical disability, other health impairments, undetermined disability and/or traumatic brain injuries), and students with physical disabilities. The article concludes with a discussion of the implications of the authors' research with regards to injury prevention, and comments that existing prevention programs may or may not be tailored to special needs children. Thus, the authors take a first step by providing baseline scientific information about patterns of injury, which is needed for assessing safety needs and structuring interventions. The data contained within this particular article may be of significant value for educators who find it necessary to tailor existing injury prevention curricula to a diverse group of students, including those with disabilities. The authors specifically suggest that before implementation, preventative measures should first incorporate a child's functional impairment and then be evaluated for appropriateness and effectiveness. They also stress that, by teaching children with disabilities how to navigate their school environment safely, they may be better equipped to manage physical challenges in the outside world.

First Nations and Injury Prevention

Injury prevention is a significant priority for First Nations people and communities, particularly considering the following facts:

- Injury is one of the leading causes of death amongst First Nations people, responsible for nearly 25% of all deaths and over 50% of potential years of life lost;
- First Nations people are at nearly four times greater risk of severe trauma than non-First Nations members of the Canadian public;
- There exists a significant disparity between First Nations and non-First Nations rates of disability, which corresponds to disparities in rates of injury, violence, self injury and illness, many of which can result in permanent disability. (Resources for First Nations on injury prevention: Annotated bibliography, 2006)

While rates of injury amongst First Nations peoples and communities in Canada are significantly higher than those of the general Canadian public, working toward injury prevention with First Nations individuals, communities and organizations also provides unique opportunities.

Many indigenous people recognize the importance of injury prevention, both from personal experience and from familiarity with the data on injury rates. Their communities bring their cultural and intellectual wealth and their willingness to implement and evaluate community based interventions. There is often a commitment to addressing the underlying causes of injury, to consider both categorical interventions and a community development approach. The latter involves building local skills in community development, strengthening support systems for people and families in crisis, increasing access to mental health services, fostering healthy early childhood development, ensuring meaningful community participation in government decisions affecting their lives and promoting economic development (Berger, 2002).

Although little recent research has focused specifically on injury prevention school programming that is directed specifically at First Nations children and youth, many of the practices and models developed for use within First Nations communities can be adapted for use within the school setting. One of the most significant and useful documents in the area of injury prevention programming and research is the National Aboriginal Health Organization's Resources for First Nations. *Injury Prevention: Annotated Bibliography*. Published in October 2006, this extensive bibliography provides an introduction to the impact of injury on First Nations peoples and communities, a definition of injury and an extensive bibliography, organized into Provincial/Territorial, National and International/ Global sections of information relevant to injury prevention directed at First Nations peoples and communities. Also of particular interest is the Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research's Injury Prevention: A Guide for Aboriginal Communities (1995), a nationally distributed resource manual that outlines the need for capacity building in injury prevention through education. Central to this guide are the ten steps that it outlines regarding the development of community based injury prevention education, which are illustrated, in part, by the descriptions of two community based initiatives, one on suicide prevention and the other on preventing drowning.

Gender and Injury Prevention

There is a clear relationship between gender and injury, as illustrated by J. Richard Udry's comment that "[e]verybody who works in the field of injuries knows that after infancy, and before old age, males engage in more behaviour that exposes them to the risk of injury, experience more injuries, and die more frequently from injuries." (Udry, 1998). While there is debate in some circles as to the exact causes of the discrepancy in injury rates between males and females, the fact remains that there is a marked gender difference with regard to injury rates. For example, in the United States, among 15 to 19 year olds, males are 2.5 times more likely than females to die of unintentional injury, and about five times more likely to die from homicide or suicide (Udry, 1998). While there is little explicit research on the difference in rates of unintentional injury between males and females, this difference between the genders is significant enough that it warrants at least some degree of special attention when undertaking the development or instruction of injury prevention curricula.

Low Socioeconomic Status (SES) and Injury Prevention

A wide variety of research studies over the years have shown a significant correlation between socioeconomic status and health. Regardless of the means used to measure SES, underprivileged people living in low socioeconomic areas, have higher mortality rates and poorer health status, with health status worsening the lower down the income and social hierarchy they go. Children from low SES families not only have higher injury rates, but their injuries also tend to be more severe and are more likely to be fatal. The Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research's "Socioeconomic Status and Injury" provides good background on the links between SES and injury, explains why socioeconomic inequalities in injury exist and, most importantly, provides a particularly useful list of suggestions that policy and program planners can use to take SES into account when designing injury prevention policies and programs. SES should be given careful consideration at both the individual and community level. These suggestions include the following:

- SES influences injury risk and the effectiveness of particular interventions;
- The impact of SES on injury operates at multiple levels;
- There is limited information on best practices, in injury prevention, that take SES into consideration;
- A multi-faceted approach is most effective; and,
- A comprehensive community approach has proven advantages. (Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research, Socioeconomic Status and Injury, 2006)

If these suggestions are taken into account during the creation and delivery of comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools, it is likely that the impact of low SES will be mitigated, at least to some extent.

Targeted Injury Prevention

A significant portion of injury prevention activities, documents and curricula are aimed at the prevention of very specific types of injury. This separation of injury prevention

resources reflects the fact that, for certain types of injuries, there are very specific prevention measures that can be undertaken to decrease the rate of occurrence of these injuries. The following section outlines the specifics of a number of the activities, documents and curricula aimed at preventing specific types of injuries.

Bicycle Safety

Bicycle safety education is often included in comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools, primarily because bicycle injuries are a preventable cause of disability and death in children for whom bicycling is a popular means of transportation, exercise and recreation. In Ontario, the rate of bicycle related fatalities in children under 15 years is approximately 1/100,000 per year, while the rate of emergency department attendance (in children 10 – 14 years) is approximately 1500/100000 per year (Macarthur et al., 1998). Injury prevention strategies that are aimed specifically at preventing bicycle related injuries focus on two areas: the use of approved bicycle helmets and bicycle safety education programs. It is important to note that research (e.g., Macarthur et al., 1998) has indicated that brief, one time, educational interventions are not effective at improving hazardous behaviours. In light of this, educational prevention strategies should be coupled with attention to health beliefs, barriers to the intervention and the ability of the individual to perform a task. Legislation regarding bicycle helmets and school policies regarding their use should be kept in mind when developing injury prevention strategies and should include all school children and teachers wearing helmets while on school property and on school bicycling trips.

Bullying

In the last few years bullying in school has received increasing exposure in the media, particularly because of on-line forms of bullying and the explicit connections that have been made between bullying and school violence (especially homicide and suicide cases such as the now infamous Columbine incident). While bullying has been the focus of intense research in Scandinavia and the UK, research into bullying in North America was rare until the 1990s. There are a number of established anti-bullying methods, which include peer involvement (O'Connell, Pepler, & Craig, 1999), peer intervention (Salmivalli, 2001), whole school approaches (Garrity, Jens, Porter, et al., 1997), mentoring (Twemlow, Fonagy, Sacco, et al., 2001) and zero tolerance policies. Charach, Peppler and Ziegler's article, "Bullying at School: A Canadian Perspective," (1995) provides a uniquely Canadian perspective on the problem of bullying and provides both a survey of problems related to the prevention of bullying and a series of suggestions for effective intervention. Their comprehensive intervention strategies focus on an ecological perspective, where "the behaviours of the bullies, victims and peers are interrelated and unfold within the wider system of the school" (Charach, Pepler, & Ziegler, 1995). Within the ecology of a school, it is particularly important to ensure that safe physical and social environments are cultivated by including zero tolerance policies for violence and bullying, appropriate supervision of students, encouragement of students to report incidents involving violence and bullying, and the development and maintenance of a culture wherein students who are bullied or threatened are supported by their peers.

Pedestrian Injury

Pedestrian injuries are a significant cause of injury in children and youth in Canada. Pedestrian fatalities account for 20.4% of all fatalities in children ages 5-9, and 27.4% of all fatalities in children ages 10-14. In addition, pedestrian injuries account for

16.1% of all injuries in children ages 5 – 9, and 18.3% of all injuries in children ages 10 – 14 (Transport Canada, 2004, Pedestrian fatalities and injuries, 1992 – 2001). Most child pedestrian injury prevention programs and activities take place in the classroom, with the aim of increasing children's knowledge of traffic and their attitudes towards safety. The assumption is that, by building their knowledge of how to manage traffic and encouraging appropriate attitudes towards safety, children will be able to generalize what they learn in the classroom to real life traffic situations (Schieber & Vegega, 2002). Educational and environmental strategies also need to be developed since knowledge alone is not sufficient to result in road safety. Road safety education programs should promote the development of skills and their application in a wide variety of traffic contexts. Unlike knowledge based methods, which may (at best) change a child's attitude or ability to correctly answer questions about road safety, practical skills training methods lead to measurable changes in children's behaviour in traffic (Schieber & Vegega, 2002).

Playground Injuries

Playground injuries are a common cause of childhood injury throughout the developed world, and primarily affect school-aged children due to their higher exposure to playground equipment at home, schools and parks. The most common cause of playground injuries are falls, and most playground related injuries are not serious enough to cause permanent disability; playground related fatalities are quite rare. More serious playground injuries are related to the height of playground equipment, which has implications for both the type and depth of surfacing that is installed beneath equipment. Equipment should, therefore, be both age range specific (e.g., closer to the ground for younger children) and meet CSA standards. Evidence suggests that there is a significantly higher risk of injury to children from equipment that does not meet existing safety standards. In addition, equipment should be regularly maintained and inspected to ensure that it (and its surfacing) continues to meet CSA standards (Mackay, 2003).

Suicide

Suicide is a significant problem in the field of injury prevention, particularly with regards to children and adolescents. Between 1979 and 1998, the number of suicide deaths amongst children ages 10 – 14 more than doubled, going from 22 deaths in 1979 (1.1 suicides per 100,000) to 45 deaths in 1998 (2.2 deaths per 100,000) (King, 2001). Schools are the ideal setting for suicide prevention education. School suicide prevention programs include programs and activities aimed at decreasing student suicide thoughts, attempts and completions. Comprehensive school approaches to the prevention of suicide should include the following three components: primary prevention (prevention), secondary prevention (intervention) and tertiary intervention (postvention). King's article, "Developing a Comprehensive School Suicide Prevention Program," (2001) offers a concise, yet detailed summary of the specific factors involved in the development of comprehensive school suicide prevention programs.

Substance Use and Abuse

Substance use and abuse present a significant problem to Canadians, with total costs estimated at \$18.4 billion and direct costs at \$6.6 billion annually (King, 2001). The non-monetary costs of substance use and abuse are, however, far more serious and problematic. Millar in, "A Time for Everything: Changing Attitudes and Approaches to Reducing Substance Abuse," (1998) states the following non-monetary costs to be of primary importance:

- Tobacco use continues to be the leading lifestyle related cause of death in Canada.
- Alcohol abuse causes high rates of disease, disability and death from cirrhosis, various types of cancer, injuries and congenital defects.
- In some jurisdictions in Canada, narcotics overdose has become the leading cause of death among adults aged 30 49 years. The leading risk factor for new cases of HIV infection in BC is injection drug use, which is also responsible for current epidemics of hepatitis Band C.

Approaches to substance use and abuse prevention play an integral role in comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools, and usually focus on a four part approach to prevention: safety, healthy alternatives and choices, building resilience and understanding addictions. Health Canada, the Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission, and the BC Partners for Mental Health and Addictions Information, among others, provide extensive libraries of research, curricula and fact sheets that can be used by teachers to develop and teach substance abuse prevention.

Violence Related Injury

Violence, whether in the school, home or community, has serious health implications for school age children and adolescents. As Day et al. (1995) state in, *School-Based Violence Prevention in Canada*, there is a growing perception in our society that aggressive and antisocial behaviour among children and youth has become more confrontational, violent and commonplace. Youth violence is also seen as more likely to involve weapons and gangs, to be more destructive, more virulent and to involve more females and younger children than ever before. While there is a lack of hard evidence in support of actual increases in the prevalence and severity of youth violence, there is a growing sense of urgency to address the facets relating to this complex social issue. [. . .] Clearly, violence among children and youth is an issue that needs to be examined, understood and ameliorated through effective, concerted and sustained efforts.

Their report concludes with the idea that schools need to promote a healthy, pro-social environment, have clear, comprehensive policies, a range of developmentally appropriate consequences for inappropriate and unacceptable behaviour, and multifaceted violence prevention programming (Day, et al., 1995). With school violence, as with bullying, it is important to ensure that safe physical and social environments are cultivated, which should include school policies of zero tolerance for violence and bullying and encouragement of students to report incidents involving violence and bullying. As with injury prevention strategies targeted at other injuries, the prevention of violence, both in schools and outside of schools, requires a broad, comprehensive strategy that utilizes educational, environmental and technological approaches to injury prevention.

5 Conclusion

Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention in schools have the potential to have a significant impact on the number of injuries to children and adolescent in Canada. Education that is aimed solely at changing specific behaviours is not the only answer. Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention should include the observance and enforcement of governmental legislation and policy, and the development and maintenance of safe physical and social environments within the ecology of the school. Comprehensive injury prevention approaches can be more effective than single exposure educational programs because they include the strengthening of individuals' knowledge and skills, thereby increasing students' resources and their capacity for preventing injury Cohen & Swift, 1999). In order for such comprehensive approaches to be most effective, it is essential that educators and researchers be able to identify the specific aspects of educational and skills training programs that are most effective in eliciting the behavioural changes that are necessary to promote safer behaviour. In addition to this, there is an urgent need for evidence based prevention programming. At present there is a gap between research and the knowledge translation that is necessary for research to become practice. Specifically, a high priority should be placed on the translation of empirical findings into programs that address Canadian injury prevention and control, programs that should be subject to rigorous evaluation so that modifications can be made to maximize their effectiveness (Morrongiello, 2003). Comprehensive approaches to injury prevention should include the observance and enforcement of governmental legislation and policy, and the development and maintenance of safe physical and social environments within the ecology of the school.

6 Definitions

Bullying

At present, the commonly used definition of bullying is that of Dan Olweus, the Scandinavian bullying research pioneer, who describes bullying as, "A student is being bullied or victimized when he or she is exposed, repeatedly and over time, to negative actions on the part of one or more other students." Dake et al. (2003) expand upon this in their article "The Nature and Extent of Bullying in School," stating:

Negative actions include attempted or actual intentional affliction of injury or discomfort perpetrated upon another person. These actions can consist of physical contact, by words, through facial or obscene gestures, or through intentional exclusion from a group. For these actions to be considered bullying, an imbalance in strength must exist between the people harassing and the student being harassed. Bullying does not apply to a conflict between two students of nearly equal physical or mental strength.

Comprehensive School Health

Comprehensive school health, sometimes referred to as "health promoting schools", is a "multifaceted approach that includes teaching health knowledge and skills in the classroom, creating health enabling social and physical environments and facilitating links with parents and the wider community to support optimal health and learning." The comprehensive school health approach is extremely useful for the purposes of injury prevention because in relation to injury prevention, it can have lifelong effects, including influencing health related knowledge, attitudes and behaviours of students, and alleviating factors that compromise health. Such approaches rely upon integration of health and health messaging into all aspects of school activities and incorporate four central themes: teaching and learning, health and other support services, supportive social environment and a healthy physical environment (Canadian Association for School Health, 2006).

Disability

The most commonly used definition of disability is that of the World Health Organization, which defines disability as "[a]ny restriction or lack (resulting from an impairment) of ability to perform an activity in the manner or within the range considered normal for a human being." (World Health Organization, 2001)

Health Promoting Schools

Health promoting schools are a product of the World Health Organization's Global School Health Initiative. WHO (2006) defines a health promoting school as "one that constantly strengthens its capacity as a healthy setting for living, learning and working." As such, a health promoting school:

- Fosters health and learning with all the measures at its disposal.
- Engages health and education officials, teachers, teachers' unions, students, parents, health providers and community leaders in efforts to make the school a healthy place.

- Strives to provide a healthy environment, school health education, and school health services along with school/community projects and outreach, health promotion programmes for staff, nutrition and food safety programmes, opportunities for physical education and recreation, and programmes for counselling, social support and mental health promotion.
- Implements policies and practices that respect an individual's well being and dignity, provide multiple opportunities for success, and acknowledge good efforts and intentions as well as personal achievements.
- Strives to improve the health of school personnel, families and community members as well as pupils; and works with community leaders to help them understand how the community contributes to, or undermines, health and education.

Injury

The World Health Organization's definition is the one that is most frequently used in the realm of injury research. It states, quite simply, that an injury is "physical damage to the body." While injury can result from a variety of different causes, it stems from "acute exposure to various kinds of energy – mechanical, thermal, electrical, chemical or radiant – in amounts that exceed the threshold of physiologic tolerance." Injuries are divided into two categories for classification: unintentional injuries and intentional injuries (which result from deliberate acts of violence). Injuries are not described as accidents which suggests that they cannot be avoided; they are preventable events (WHO, 2000).

Socioeconomic Status (SES)

The Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research defines socioeconomic status as "an individual's position in society measured in terms of education, income, occupation, residence, and/or ethnicity." (Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research, 2006)

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Langlois, S., & Morrison, P. (2002). Suicide Deaths and Suicide Attempts. *Health Reports*, 13. pp. 9–22.

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Olweus, D. (1994). Annotation: Bullying at School: Basic Facts and Effects of a School-Based Intervention program. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry*, 35. pp.11711190.

Dake, J. A., Price, J. H., & Telljohann, S. K. (2003). The Nature and Extent of Bullying at School. *The Journal of School Health*, 73. pp. 173–180.

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World Health Organization. (2001). Introduction. *International Classification of Functioning, Disability, and Health (ICF)*. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization. Retrieved 3 July 2007 from http://www3.who.int/icf/intros/ICF-Eng-Intro.pdf.

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World Health Organization. (2000). *Facts About Injuries: Preventing Global Injuries*. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization.

8 Appendix A: Injury Prevention Resources and Programs

Comprehensive Approaches

Title: An Audit of Health Promoting Schools Policy Documentation

Organization: Stewart, D. E., Parker, E., & Gillespie, A. (2000). The Journal of School

Health, 70, 253-254

Title: Community Based Prevention Programs Targeting All Injuries for

Children

Organization: Spinks, A., Turner, C., McClure R., & Nixon, J. (2004). *Injury Prevention*,

10, 180-185

Title: Comprehensive School Health

Organization: Public Health Agency of Canada (2005)

Website: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/dca-dea/7-18yrs-ans/comphealth_e.html

Title: Injury Prevention and Public Health: Practical Knowledge, Skills and

Strategies

Organization: Christoffel, T., & Gallagher, S. S. (1999). Gaithersburg, MD: Aspen

Title: Preventing School Injuries: A Comprehensive Guide for School

Administrators, Teachers, and Staff

Organization: Posner, M. (2000). New Jersey: Rutgers University Press

Title: Protocols and Guidelines for Health Promoting Schools

Organization: International Union for Health Promotion and Education (2006)

Website http://www.chdf.org.au/i-cms_file?page=3/GuidelinesProtocolsHPS.pdf

Title: Ready to Learn: How Schools Can Help Kids Be Healthier And Safer

Organization: Miller, Edward (Ed.). (1995). Cambridge, MA: The Harvard Education

Letter

Title: School Policy and Environment: Results from the School Health Policies

and Programs Study 2000

Organization: Small, M. L., Jones, S. E., Barrios, L. C., Crossett, L. S. et al. (2001). The

Journal of School Health, 71, 325–334

Title: School Safety Check Book

Organization: National School Safety Center. (1990). Malibu, CA: Pepperdine University

Press

Title: School-Site Health Promotion for Faculty and Staff: A Key Component of

the Coordinated School Health Program

Organization: Allegrante, J. P. (1998). The Journal of School Health, 68, 190

Title: The Spectrum of Prevention: Developing a Comprehensive Approach to

Injury Prevention

Organization: Cohen, L. R., & Swift, S. (1999). Injury Prevention, 5, 203–207

Title: What is the Evidence on School Health Promotion in Improving Health

or Preventing Disease and, Specifically, What is the Effectiveness of the

Health Promoting Schools Approach?

Organization: Health Evidence Network, World Health Organization Europe (2006)

Website: http://www.euro.who.int/Document/E88185.pdf

Title: What is a Health Promoting School?

Organization: World Health Organization. (2006). Geneva

Website: http://www.who.int/school_youth_health/gshi/hps/en/index.html

Injury Prevention Curricula and Teaching Resources

Title: A Grad to Remember

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission (2003), Edmonton, AB

Website: http://www.aadac.com/documents/grad to remember.pdf

Description: This guide is intended as a resource for parents, teachers and students

interested or involved in organizing an alcohol and drug free (dry) graduation. It answers important questions, describes how to get things done and guides dry grad planning from start to finish. There

are recommendations and suggestions for a successful dry grad.

Grade(s): Senior High School

Language: English

Title: A Million Messages

Organization: Capital Health, Edmonton, AB

Website: http://www.calgaryhealthregion.ca/hecomm/IPC/amm/ Also available,

in a different format, at http://www.capitalhealth.ca/YourHealth/

Campaigns/Kidsafe/A Million Messages.htm

Description: A Million Messages is a comprehensive plan to standardize the message

given to parents during every contact with a community health nurse. Each message is simple, consistent and routine and targets an issue that affects children at the appropriate stage in their development. Includes

resources for parents and teachers.

Language: English

Title: Administration and Supervision of Safety Education

Organization: Seaton, D. C., Stack, H. J., & Loft, B. I. (1969). New York: The MacMillan

Company

Title: Be an Action Hero!

Organization: Public Health Agency of Canada

Website: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/dca-dea/injury/en/index.html

Description: Provides safety information for children and parents. It teaches kids how

to take charge of their own safety and how to protect themselves from injuries. This site was developed for children of lower socioeconomic status, between the ages of eight and nine years of age and skewed towards boys as they tend to take more risks. The goal of the site is to develop critical thinking skills and empower children about safety

issues.

Grade(s): 3-6

Language: English and French

Title: Be Bright – Think Right

Organization: Scouts Canada

Website: http://www.scouts.ca/bbtr/ba.html

Description: Provides school bus safety tips for grades K – 2 as well as Internet safety

for grades 4 – 6. It provides information on bullying, school bus safety

and Internet safety for educator and parents.

Grade(s): K-2, 4-6Language: English

Title: Be Your Own HERO (Health, Education, Resiliency, Opportunity)

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission. (2007). Edmonton, AB:

Author.

Website: http://www.aadac.com/552_612.asp

Description: Be Your Own HERO was developed in support of the Alberta Learning

Program of Studies, 2002. It consists of six lessons that support best practice in addictions prevention. Each lesson is 80 minutes in length and can be extended or taught as two separate classes. The lessons are: Process of Addictions, Binge Drinking, Alcohol and Drug Injuries, Dependency and Cessation, Resiliency – Thriving in Adversity and

Transitions – Embracing Change.

Grade(s): Senior high school

Language: English

Title: Checklist/Guidelines for School Health Programs to Prevent Injury
Organization: McCall, D. S. author. Canadian Association for School Health

Website: http://www.safehealthyschools.org/injury_prevention/

InjuryPreventionSchoolChecklist.pdf

Title: Child and Adolescent Injury Prevention: A WHO Plan of Action 2006–

2015

Organization: World Health Organization. Geneva (2006)

Title: Child Safety Education and the World Wide Web: An Evaluation of the

Content and Quality of Online Resources

Organization: Isaac, D., Cusimano, M. D., Sherman, A., & Chipman, M. (2004). Injury

Prevention, 10, 59-61

Title: Childhood Injury Prevention Programme

Organization: Government of Singapore

Website: http://www.hpb.gov.sg/web/chipp/homepage.htm

Description: An interactive website that provides games, comic strips and colouring

pages, all focused on teaching children about accident prevention. Also

provides information for adults.

Grade(s): K-5Language: English

Title: Children's Acquisition and Retention of Safety Skills: The Lifeskills Program Organization: Lamb, R., Joshi, M. S., Carter, W. et al. (2006). Injury Prevention, 12, 161–165

Title: Creating a Virtual Materials and Resources Index for Health Education

Using the World Wide Web

Organization: Weiler, R. M. (1996). The Journal of School Health, 66, 205–209

Title: Critical Lessons from a Schools-Based Injury Surveillance Initiative Organization: Swart, T., & Stevens, G. (2004). African Safety Promotion, 2, 57–65

Title: Design and Implementation of a Child Injury Prevention Resource Pack

for Primary Schools

Organization: du Toit, N., & Prince, B. (2004). African Safety Promotion, 2, 83–87

Title: Design and Implementation of Injury Prevention Curricula for Elementary

Schools: Lessons Learned

Organization: Azeredo, R., & Stephens-Stidham, S. (2003) Injury Prevention, 9, 274–278

Title: Developing an Integrated Canadian Injury Prevention Strategy

Organization: Insurance Bureau of Canada & SMARTRISK

Website: http://www.injurypreventionstrategy.ca/downloads/IP Strat bckgrnd.pdf

Title: Developing Effective Drug Education Programs

Organization: Horton, L. author (1992). Bloomington, IN: Phi Delta Kappa Educational

Foundation

Title: Developing Substance Use and Gambling Policies for Alberta Schools

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission. (2007). Edmonton, AB:

Author.

Website: http://www.aadac.com/documents/school_policy_manual.pdf

Description: This is an eight-step approach to guide schools in developing,

implementing and evaluating a substance use and gambling policy. Using these eight steps as a reference provides a comprehensive and

strategic approach that draws upon the strengths of the school.

Language: English

Title: Education versus Environmental Countermeasures

Organization: Schieber, R., & Veiga, M. (2002). Injury Prevention, 8, i10-i11

Title: Elementary School Teachers' Involvement in Firearm Safety Education

Organization: Price, J. H., Murnan, J., Thompson, A.J., Dake, J. A., & Telljohann, S. K. (2005). *The Journal of School Health, 75,* 105–111

Title: Evaluation of the THINK FIRST For KIDS Injury Prevention Curriculum

for Primary Students

Organization: Greene, A., Barnett, P., Crossen, J., Sexton, G. et al. (2002). Injury

Prevention, 8, 257–258

Title: For the Safety of Canadian Children and Youth: From Injury Data to

Preventive Measures

Organization: Health Canada. (1997). Ottawa: Minister of Public Works and Government

Services Canada

Title: Guide to Finding Pediatric Injury Prevention Public Education Materials

Organization: Smith, T. (1997). Journal of Emergency Nursing, 23, 248–250

Title: Health and Safety Games: Activities for All Curriculum Areas

Organization: Wagner, F., Cesinger, J., Hosier, M. et al. (1974). New York: MacMillan

Publishing Co., Inc.

Title: Implementation of Injury Prevention for Children and Young People

Organization: Towner, E., Carter, Y., & Hayes, M. (1998). Injury Prevention, 4

(supplement), S26–S33

Title: Injury Facts and Prevention Strategies for Children and Youth in British

Columbia

Organization: Office for Injury Prevention, British Columbia Ministry of Health (1993).

Victoria, BC.

Title: Injury Prevention in the Information Age: The Injury and Violence

Prevention Library

Organization: Craig, A., Tremblay-McGaw, R., & McLoughlin, E. (1998). Injury

Prevention, 4, 150–154

Title: Issues in Safety Education Interventions

Organization: Thomson, J.A. (2006), Injury Prevention, 12, 138–139

Title: Kids CAN-BIKE

Organization: Canadian Cycling Association. Ottawa, ON

Website: http://www.canadian-cycling.com/cca/education/canbike.shtml

Description: Kids CAN-BIKE programs are oriented toward recreational and

utilitarian cycling and cover all aspects of cycling safely. The CAN-BIKE cycling safety program provides a nationally standardized set of courses that can be taught through a variety of organizations that are

interested in education, safety and health.

Grade(s): 3-7

Language: English and French

Title: Leaps and Bounds, Grade 5, Grade 6

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission. (2002). Edmonton, AB:

Author

Description: These teachers' resources include eight lessons that are planned to meet

specific outcomes of the Health and Life Skills curriculum for grade 5 and 6 in Alberta. The intention is to encourage children to make sound decisions about drug, alcohol use and gambling. The lessons provide accurate information, help students develop life skills and emphasize healthy lifestyle choices. The lessons are flexible and can be adapted to meet the needs of teachers and students. The activities are engaging, involve experiential learning and appeal to different learning styles.

Grade(s): 5, 6 Language: English

Title: Meeting Injury Prevention Curricular Expectations: The Canadian

Experience

Organization: Ducimano, M., Rodriguez, C., Ullrich D. et al. (2002, May 12–15). Paper

presented at 6th World Conference on Injury Prevention and Control. Montreal, Canada. Montreal: Les Presses de l'Universite de Montreal.

Title: M. O. V.E. – Mind Over Violence Everywhere Program Curriculum

Organization: Canadian Public Health Association (2002). Ottawa, ON

Website: http://acsp.cpha.ca/move.htm

Description: This program includes a series of youth-directed workshops that uses

art, improvisational theatre, sports, music and group work to deal with themes of violence prevention. Participants develop skills in critical thinking, communication and peer mediation. Using a variety of engaging techniques, the program stresses rights and responsibilities,

assertiveness training and community relations.

Grade(s): Teens

Language: English and French

Title: No-Bullying Curriculum

Organization: Bitney, J. author (1996). Minneapolis, MN: Johnson Institute

Title: No-Bullying Curriculum

Organization: Star (1998). Chattanooga, TN

Title: No Putdowns: Character Building Violence Prevention Curriculum

Organization: Star (1998). Chattanooga, TN

Title: Own Your Own Zone

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission. Edmonton, AB: Author

Title: P.A.R.T.Y. Program (Prevent Alcohol and Risk-related Trauma in Youth)

Organization: RBC First Office for Injury Prevention, Sunnybrook Health Sciences

Centre

Website: http://www.partyprogram.com/home.html

Description: The P.A.R.T.Y. (Prevent Alcohol and Risk-Related Trauma in Youth)

Program is a one day, in hospital, injury awareness and prevention program for youth age 16 and older. Developed in 1986 at Sunnybrook and Women's, in Toronto this program is a vital component of the growing community effort to reduce death and injury in alcohol, drug and risk-related crashes and incidents. Many resources targeting teens

are available on the website.

Grade(s): 10 and up Language: English

Title: Prevention of Disabilities

Organization: Lalonde, F. (1994). Regina, SK: Saskatchewan School Trustees

Association

Title: The Prevention of Disabilities Program for Grades 7, 8, 9

Organization: Lalonde, F. (1994). Regina, SK: Saskatchewan School Trustees

Association

Title: ProgramsThatWork: CDC's Guide to Effective Programs that Reduce

Health-Risk Behaviour of Youth

Organization: Collins, J., Robin, L., Wooley, S., Fenley, D. et al. (2002). The Journal of

School Health, 72, 93–99

Title: The Rad Rider

Organization: Inland Empire Health Plan, San Bernardino, California

Website: http://www.radrider.com/

Description: Website includes a comic book and other materials teaching bicycle

safety and the importance of wearing helmets.

Grade(s): 4-7 Language: English

Title: Raising Our Children to be Resilient: A Guide to Helping Children Cope

with Trauma in Today's World

Organization: Goldman, L. (2005). New York: Brunner-Routledge

Title: Risk Watch

Organization: National Fire Protection Association (US)

Website: http://www.riskwatch.org/

Description: Website provides activities and classroom curriculum on injury prevention.

Grade(s): K-8Language: English

Title: School Accidents to Children – Time to Act

Organization: Maitra, A. (1997). Journal of Accidental Emergency Medicine, 14, 240-242

Title: School Health Resource Manual: Kindergarten – Grade 6
Organization: KidSafe Connection & Capital Health (2007). Calgary, AB

Title: School Health Resource Manual: Grade 7 – 9

Organization: KidSafe Connection & Capital Health (2007). Calgary, AB

Website: http://www.capitalhealth.ca/YourHealth/Campaigns/Kidsafe/School

Health Injury Prevention Resource Manual.htm

Description: This resource manual was designed to support the Program of Studies for

Health and Life Skills, in the area of Safety and Responsibility (kindergarten to grade 9) within the Capital Health Region (Edmonton, AB). It provides a streamlined listing of resources best suited to each learner outcome contained within the Program of Studies for Health and Life Skills. The final product contains contact and background information, costs associated

with each resource and samples, where applicable.

Grade(s): 7-9Language: English

Title: SMARTRISK Organization: SMARTRISK

Website: http://www.smartrisk.ca/

Description: SMARTRISK helps people see the risks in their everyday lives and shows

them how to take those risks in the smartest way possible so that they can enjoy life to the fullest. Provides resources for teachers and youth.

Grade(s): High school Language: English

Title: Catalogue of Ontario Injury Prevention Programs

Organization: SMARTRISK

Website: http://207.35.157.107/programs/

Description: A database of injury prevention programs in Ontario. Includes program

outlines and contact information.

Grade(s): All

Language: English

Title: Sparky the Fire Dog

Organization: National Fire Protection Association (US)

Website: http://www.sparky.org/

Description: Website with fun activities that educate kids in fire prevention.

Information for parents as well.

Grade(s): K-6Language: English

Title: Sports and Recreation Injury Prevention Strategies: Systematic Review

and Best Practices

Organization: Mackay, M., Scanlon, A., Olsen, L. et al. (2001). Vancouver: BC Injury

Research and Prevention Unit

Title: Stay Alert . . . Stay Safe

Organization: Administered by Child Find Ontario

Website: http://www.sass.ca/kmenu.htm

Description: Canada's leading street proofing program for children age 7-10.

Grade(s): 2-5

Language: English and French

Title: Substance Use Prevention in the Classroom

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission. (2007). Edmonton, AB:

Author

Title: TD ThinkFirst for Kids (K - 8)

Organization: ThinkFirst Foundation of Canada, Toronto, ON Website: http://www.thinkfirst.ca/curriculum program.asp

Description: This curriculum resource provides lesson plans on preventing brain and

spinal cord injury through healthy behaviours in children and youth. The curriculum binders (1 set per school) are available free of charge to

Canadian schools.

Grade(s): K - 8

Language: English and French

Title: Teaching Agricultural Health and Safety to Elementary School Students

Organization: Liller, K. D. (2001). The Journal of School Health, 71, 495–496

Title: Teaming Up for Tobacco-Free Kids

Organization: Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission. (2002). Edmonton, AB

Title: ThinkFirst National Injury Prevention Foundation

Organization: ThinkFirst for Teens (US) Warrenville, IL

Website: http://www.thinkfirst.org/teens/

Description: Brain injury prevention video and presentation resources.

Grade(s): Teens Language: English

Title: The Tipping Point: How Little Things Can Make a Difference Organization: Gladwell, M. (2002). New York: Little, Brown and Company

Title: Unintentional Injury Prevention – Priorities for Research, Capacity

Building, and Knowledge Translation

Organization: Morrongiello, B. A. (2003). Ottawa, ON: Canadian Institutes of Health

Research and the Canadian Injury Research Network

Website: http://www.capitalhealth.ca/YourHealth/Campaigns/Kidsafe/School

Health Injury Prevention Resource Manual.htm

Description: This resource manual was designed to support the Program of Studies

for Health and Life Skills, in the area of Safety and Responsibility (kindergarten to grade 9) within the Capital Health Region (Edmonton, AB). It provides a streamlined listing of resources best suited to each learner outcome contained within the Program of Studies for Health and Life Skills. The final product contains contact and background information, costs associated with each resource and samples, where

applicable.

Grade(s): K-6Language: English

Title: Unintentional Injury Prevention Programs for Children and Youth (Ages

0 - 24

Organization: British Columbia Ministry of Health Services, Office for Injury Prevention

(2001) Victoria, BC.

Evaluation of Injury Prevention Strategies and Programs

Title: Demonstrating Your Program's Worth: A Primer on Evaluation for

Programs to Prevent Unintentional Injury

Organization: Thompson, N. J., & McClintock, H. O. (1998). Atlanta: National Center

for Injury Prevention and Control

Title: The Effectiveness of Injury Control Interventions

Organization: Klassen, T. (1995). Hamilton, ON: McMaster University (MSc Thesis)

Title: The Effectiveness of Intervention Programmes in Reducing Accidental

Injuries to Children and Young People: A Literature Review

Organization: Kendrick, D., & Marsh, P. (1994). Sheffield: Trent Regional Health Authority

Title: Evaluating Injury Prevention Interventions
Organization: Hodge, M. (2002). Injury Prevention, 8, 8–9

Title: Evaluation of a Child Safety Program Based on the WHO Safe Community

Model

Organization: Lindqvist, K., Timpka, T., Schelp, L., & Risto, O. (2002). *Injury Prevention*,

8, 23–26

Title: Evaluation of Interventions to Prevent Injuries: An Overview

Organization: Dannenberg, A. L., & Fowler, C. J. (1998). Injury Prevention, 4, 141–147

Title: Evaluation of the ThinkFirst Canada, Smart Hockey, Brain and Spinal

Cord Prevention Video

Organization: Cook, D. J., Cusimano, M. D., Tator, C. H., & Chipman, M. L. (2003).

Injury Prevention, 9, 361–366

Title: Evaluations of ThinkFirst Programs

Organization: Provvidenza, C., & Tator, C. (2004). Toronto, ON: ThinkFirst

Title: Group Interventions for the Prevention of Injuries in Young Children: A

Systematic Review

Organization: Bruce, B., & McGarth, P. (2005). Injury Prevention, 11, 143-147

Title: Impact of a Community Based Fire Prevention Intervention on Fire Safety

Knowledge and Behavior in Elementary School Children

Organization: Hwang, V., Duchossois, G. P., Garcia-Espana, J. F., & Durbin, D.R. (2006).

Injury Prevention, 12, 344–346

Title: The Impact of the Safe Kids Healthy Neighborhoods Injury Prevention

Program in Harlem, 1988 through 1991

Organization: Davidson, L. L. et al. (1994). American Journal of Public Health, 84, 580-586

Title: Preventing Childhood Unintentional Injuries – What Works? A Literature

Review

Organization: Dowswell, T., Towner, E.M.L., Simpson, G. et al. (1996). Injury Prevention,

2, 140–149

Title: Preventing Unintentional Injuries in Childhood and Young Adolescence.

The Effectiveness of Health Promotion Interventions

Organization: Towner, E., Dowswell, T., Jarvis, S., & Simpson, G. (1996). York: NHS

Centre for Reviews and Dissemination, University of York

Title: Reducing Childhood Accidents: The Effectiveness of Health Promotion

Interventions: A Literature Review

Organization: Towner, E., Dowswell T., & Jarvis, S. (1993). London: Child Accident

Prevention Trust

Title: The Scientific Basis of Injury Prevention and Control

Organization: Mclure, R., Stevenson, M., & McEvoy, S. (Eds.). (2004). East Hawthorne,

Australia: IP Communications

Title: Selected Methodological Issues in Evaluating Community-Based Health

Promotion and Disease Prevention Programs

Organization: Koepsell, T. D., Wagner, E. H., Cheadle A. C. et al. (1992). Annual Review

of Public Health, 13, 31–57

Title: The Theory of Community Based Health and Safety Programs: A Critical

Examination

Organization: Nilsen, P. (2006). *Injury Prevention*, 12, 140–145

Title: Updating the Evidence. A Systematic Review of What Works in Preventing

Childhood Unintentional Injuries: Part 1

Organization: Towner, E., Dowswell, T., & Jarvis, S. (2001). Injury Prevention, 7, 161–164

Title: Updating the Evidence. A Systematic Review of What Works in Preventing

Childhood Unintentional Injuries: Part 2

Organization: Towner, E., Dowswell, T., & Jarvis, S. (2001). Injury Prevention, 7, 249–253

Title: What is the Evidence on School Health Promotion in Improving Health

or Preventing Disease and, Specifically, What is the Effectiveness of the

Health Promoting Schools Approach?

Organization: Health Evidence Network, World Health Organization Europe. (2006).

Website: http://www.euro.who.int/Document/E88185.pdf

Title: What Makes Community Based Injury Prevention Work? In Search of

Evidence of Effectiveness

Organization: Nilsen, P. (2004). Injury Prevention, 10, 268–274

Demographic Student Groups at Higher Risk for Injury

Disability and Injury Prevention

Title: Disability and Risk of School Related Injury

Organization: Ramiriez, M., Peek-Asa, C., & Kraus, J. F. (2004). Injury Prevention, 10,

21–26

Title: Injuries in Young People with Developmental Disabilities: Comparative

Investigation from the 1988 National Health Interview Survey

Organization: Dunne, R. G., Asher, K. N., & Rivara, F.P. (1993). Mental Retardation, 31,

83-88

Title: Injury in Young People with Intellectual Disability: Descriptive

Epidemiology

Organization: Sherrard, J., Tonge, B. J., & Ozanne-Smith, J. (2001). *Injury Prevention*,

7, 56–61

Title: Injury Prevention for Children with Disabilities

Organization: Gaebler-Spira, D., & Thornton, L.S. (2002). Physical Medicine And

Rehabilitation Clinics of North America, 13, 891–906

Title: Injury Risk in Young People with Intellectual Disability

Organization: Sherrard, J., Tonge, B. J., & Ozanne-Smith, J. (2002). *Journal of Intellectual*

Disability Research, 46, 6-16

Title: Sensory Deficits and the Risk of Pedestrian Injury

Organization: Roberts, I., & Norton, R. (1995). Injury Prevention, 1, 12–14

Title: Strategies for Teaching Safety Education to Children with Special Needs
Organization: Ricci, F. (2000). International Journal of Trauma Nursing, 6, 129–132

First Nations and Injury Prevention

Title: A Combination of Traditional Wisdom and Public Health Could Help

Organization: Berger, L. R. (1999). Western Journal of Medicine, 171, 14–15

Title: Acting on What We Know: Preventing Youth Suicide in First Nations

Organization: Health Canada (2003). Ottawa: Minister of Public Works and Government

Services Canada

Title: An AFN Handbook for Injury Prevention for First Nations Communities

Organization: Katenies Research and Management Services. (2006). Ottawa, ON:

Assembly of First Nations

Title: The Business Case for Injury Prevention: The Cost of Injuries and its

Impact on the Future of First Nations

Organization: Katenies Research and Management Services (2006). Ottawa, ON:

Assembly of First Nations

Title: Health Status and Health Needs of Aboriginal Children and Youth:

Literature Review

Organization: Trumper Consulting Services (2004). Calgary, AB: Calgary Health Region

Aboriginal Health Program and Southern Alberta Child & Youth Health

Network

Title: Injuries in Aboriginal Children

Organization: Saylor, K. (2004). Paediatrics and Child Health, 9, 312–314

Title: Injury Prevention Fact Sheets

Organization: Katenies Research and Management Services (2006). Ottawa, ON:

Assembly of First Nations

Title: Injury Prevention and First Nations: A Strategic Approach to Prevention

Organization: McDonald, R. J. (2004). Ottawa, ON: Assembly of First Nations

Title: Injury Prevention for First Nations: Press Kit

Organization: Katenies Research and Management Services (2006). Ottawa, ON:

Assembly of First Nations

Title: Injury Prevention and Indigenous Peoples

Organization: Berger, L. R. (2002). Injury Prevention, 8, 175–176

Title: The National Aboriginal Injury Prevention Conference 2004: Towards

Community Action on Aboriginal Injuries

Organization: National Indian and Inuit Community Health Representatives

Organization (2005). Kahnawake, QB: Author

Title: Promoting Social Health in Northern Saskatchewan

Organization: Feather, J., Irvine, J., Belanger, B. et al. (1993). Canadian Journal of Public

Health, 84, 250-253

Title: Resources for First Nations on Injury Prevention: Annotated

Bibliography

Organization: First Nations Centre (2006). Ottawa, ON: National Aboriginal Health

Organization

Title: Urban Aboriginal Injury and Injury Prevention Study

Organization: Many Guns Traditional Consulting (2002). Calgary, AB: Region 3

Aboriginal Community Health Council, Calgary Health Region

Gender and Injury Prevention

Title: Adolescent Assault Injury: Risk and Protective Factors and Locations of

Contact for Intervention

Organization: Cheng, T. L., Schwarz, D., Brenner, R. A., Wright, J. L. et al. (2003).

Pediatrics, 112, 931-939

Title: Age and Gender Differences in School-Aged Children's Appraisals of

Injury Risk

Organization: Hillier, L., & Morrongiello, B. A. (1998). Journal of Pediatric Psychology,

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Organization: Krug, E. G. author (2002). Geneva: World Health Organization

Title: Youth Injury Data Collected by the Canadian Hospitals Injury Reporting

and Prevention Program: Do They Represent the Canadian Experience?

Organization: Pickett, W., Brison, R.J., Mackenzie, S., Garner, M. et al. (2000). Injury

Prevention, 6, 9–15

Research Agendas

Title: A Research Agenda for Injury Prevention and Control

Organization: Canadian Injury Research Network. (March 2002). Ottawa: Canadian

Institute of Child Health.

Title: A Research Agenda for Injury Prevention and Control: Canadian Injury

Research Network

Organization: CIRNet report. (2002). Winnipeg, MB: University of Manitoba, Health

Sciences Centre

Title: Accident Prevention Research – An Overview. A Selective Review of the

Health Literature, with Special Reference to Scotland

Organization: Stone, D. author (1993). Edinburgh: Scottish Office Home and Health

Department

Title: Turning Points: Canadians From Coast to Coast Set a New Course for

Healthy Child and Youth Development. The National Goals for Healthy

Child and Youth Development

Organization: Health Canada (1995). Ottawa: Minister of Public Works and Government

Services Canada

Title: Unintentional Injuries in Childhood: Analysis and Recommendations

Organization: Deal, L. W., Gomby, D. S., Zippiroli, L., & Behrman, R. E. (2000). The

Future of Children, 10, 4–22

Title: Unintentional Injury Prevention – Priorities for Research, Capacity

Building, and Knowledge Translation

Organization: Morrongiello, B. A. author (2003). Ottawa, ON: Canadian Institutes of

Health Research and the Canadian Injury Research Network

9 Appendix B: Organizations and Experts

This report was developed on behalf of the Joint Consortium for School Health by the Saskatchewan Prevention Institute

Injury Prevention and Control Research

Canadian

Organization: 2007 Canadian Injury Prevention and Safety Promotion Conference

Website: http://207.35.157.99/natconf/

Organization: Alberta Centre for Injury Control and Research

Website: http://www.acicr.ualberta.ca/

Organization: BC Injury Prevention Centre
Website: http://www.injuryfreezone.com/

Organization: BC Injury Research and Prevention Unit

Website: http://www.injuryresearch.bc.ca/

Organization: Canadian Institutes of Health Research Website: http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca/index.html

Organization: Canadian School Health Research Network

Website: http://www.schoolhealthresearch.org/

Organization: Canadian Teachers' Federation

Website: http://www.ctf-fce.ca/

Organization: Health in Action

Website: http://www.health-in-action.org/

Organization: IMPACT: The Injury Prevention Centre of Children's Hospital, Winnipeg

Website: http://www.hsc.mb.ca/impact/

Organization: Injury Prevention Research Office, St. Michael's Hospital

Website: http://www.injuryprevention.ca/

Organization: Saskatchewan Prevention Institute
Website: http://www.preventioninstitute.sk.ca/

US

Organization: Birmingham Injury Control Research Centre – University of Alabama

Website: http://www.uab.edu/icrc/

Organization: Centre for Injury Research and Control (CIRCL) - University of

Pittsburgh (Injury Control Resource Information Network)

Website: http://www.injurycontrol.com/icrin/

Organization: Centres for Disease Control and Prevention

Website: http://www.cdc.gov/

Organization: Children's Hospital of Philadelphia

Website: http://www.chop.edu/consumer/index.jsp

Organization: Colorado Injury Control Research Center – Colorado State University

Website: http://psy.psych.colostate.edu/CICRC/

Organization: Harborview Injury Prevention and Research Center (HIPRC) – University

of Washington

Website: http://depts.washington.edu/hiprc/

Organization: Harvard Injury Control Center – Harvard University

Website: http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/hicrc/

Organization: Injury Control and Emergency Health Services Section, APHA

Website: http://www.icehs.org/

Organization: Injury Control Training and Demonstration Center (ICTDC) - West

Virginia University

Website: http://www.hsc.wvu.edu/crem/

Organization: Injury Prevention Research Center – University of North Carolina

Website: http://www.iprc.unc.edu/

Organization: Johns Hopkins Center for Injury Research and Policy

Website: http://www.jhsph.edu/Research/Centers/CIRP/

Organization: Medical College of Wisconsin Injury Research Center (IRC–MCW)

Website: http://www.mcw.edu/irc/

Organization: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (CDC Injury Center)

Website: http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/

Organization: Prevention Institute

Website: http://www.preventioninstitute.org/

Organization: SafetyLit.org - San Diego State University

Website: http://safetylit.org

Organization: San Francisco Injury Center for Research and Prevention – University

of California

Website: http://www.surgery.ucsf.edu/sfic/

Organization: Society for Advancement of Violence and Injury Research (SAVIR)

Website: http://www.savirweb.org/

Organization: Southern California Injury Prevention Research Center (SCIPRC) -

UCLA

Website: http://www.ph.ucla.edu/sciprc/sciprc1.htm

Organization: University of Iowa Injury Prevention Research Center & Midwestern

Injury Prevention Consortium

Website: http://www.public-health.uiowa.edu/iprc

International

Organization: Australia National Injury Surveillance Unit

Website: http://www.nisu.flinders.edu.au/

Organization: Cochrane Injuries Group, Great Britain
Website: http://www.cochrane-injuries.lshtm.ac.uk

Organization: Collaboration for Accident Prevention and Injury Control, Wales

Website: http://www.capic.org.uk/

Organization: Injury Control of Western Australia

Website: http://www.iccwa.org.au/

Organization: Injury Issues Monitor – Flinders University, Australia
Website: http://www.nisu.flinders.edu.au/pubs/monitor/index.php

Organization: Injury Prevention Research Unit, New Zealand

Website: http://www.otago.ac.nz/ipru

Organization: International Classification of External Causes of Injuries (ICECI)

Website: http://www.iceci.org/

Organization: International Society for Child and Adolescent Injury Prevention

(ISCAIP)

Website: http://www.iscaip.net/

Organization: Monash University Accident Research Centre, Australia

Website: http://www.general.monash.edu.au/muarc/

Organization: Paediatric Epidemiology and Community Health Unit, University of

Glasgow

Website: http://www.gla.ac.uk/childhealth/PEACH.html

Organization: World Health Organization (WHO) - Collaborating Centre on Community

Safety Promotion

Website: http://www.phs.ki.se/csp

Organization: World Health Organization, Department of Injuries and Violence

Prevention

Website: http://www.who.int/violence_injury_prevention/en/

Injury Prevention and Control Non-Governmental Organizations

Canadian

Organization: Alberta Safety Council

Website: http://www.safetycouncil.ab.ca/

Scope: AB

Organization: British Columbia Safety Council Website: http://www.safetycouncil.bc.ca/

Scope: BC

Organization: Calgary Safety Council

Website: http://www.calgarysafetycouncil.com/

Scope: Calgary, AB

Organization: Canada Safety Council

Website: http://www.safety-council.org/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association for Health, Physical Education, Recreation and

Dance

Website: http://www.cahperd.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association of Family Resource Programs

Website: http://www.frp.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association of Principals

Website: http://www.cdnprincipals.org/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association of School Administrators

Website: http://www.casa-acas.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association of School Psychologists

Website: http://www.cpa.ca/CASP/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association of Student Activity Advisors

Website: http://www.casaaleadership.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Centre for Substance Abuse

Website: http://www.ccsa.ca

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Collaborating Centre for Injury Prevention and Control

Website: http://www.canadianinjurycurriculum.ca/CCCIPC.htm

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Home and School Federation
Website: http://www.canadianhomeandschool.com/

Scope: National

Organization: The Canadian Injury Prevention and Control Curriculum (CIPCC)

Website: http://www.canadianinjurycurriculum.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Injury Prevention Strategy
Website: http://www.injurypreventionstrategy.ca

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Playground Safety Institute

Website: http://www.cpra.ca

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Teachers' Federation

Website: http://www.ctf-fce.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canada's National Centre for Occupational Health and Safety

Information

Website: http://www.ccohs.ca

Scope: National

Organization: Centre for Addiction and Mental Health

Website: http://www.camh.net/

Scope: National

Organization: Centre for Suicide Prevention
Website: http://www.suicideinfo.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Child and Family Canada Website: http://www.cfc-efc.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Child Safety Link

Website: http://www.childsafetylink.ca/default_en.asp

Scope: National

Organization: Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario Research Institute

Website: http://www.cheori.org/

Scope: Eastern ON

Organization: Chronic Disease Prevention Alliance of Canada

Website: http://www.cdpac.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Community Action Program for Children

Website: http://www.capc.hamilton.on.ca/

Scope: Hamilton, ON

Organization: Crisis Intervention and Suicide Prevention Centre of British Columbia

Website: http://www.crisiscentre.bc.ca

Scope: BC

Organization: Directorate of Agencies for School Health

Website: http://www.dashbc.org/

Scope: BC

Organization: Fédération de la jeunesse canadienne-française

Website: http://www.fjcf.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Fire Prevention Canada Website: http://www.fiprecan.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: First Nations Child and Family Caring Society of Canada

Website: http://www.fncfcs.com/

Scope: National

Organization: Injury Prevention Across the Lifespan

Website: http://www.ipals.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Institute for Clinical and Evaluative Sciences (ICES)

Website: http://www.ices.on.ca/webpage.cfm

Scope: National

Organization: Joint Consortium for School Health

Website: http://www.jcsh-cces.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Journal of Applied Research on Learning (JARL)

Website: http://www.ccl-cca.ca/CCL/Reports/Journal/?Language=EN

Description: A promising new journal, which includes a section devoted to "Health

and Learning." First issued April 2007.

Scope: National

Organization: Kelowna and District Safety Council

Website: http://www.kdsc.bc.ca/

Scope: Kelowna, BC

Organization: Kids First – Parents Association of Canada

Website: http://www.kidsfirstcanada.org

Scope: National

Organization: Kidsafe Connection – Stollery Children's Hospital

Website: http://www.capitalhealth.ca/YourHealth/Campaigns/Kidsafe/default.htm

Scope: Edmonton, AB

Organization: Laligue de sécurité du Québec (Québec Safety League)

Website: http://www.aqtr.qc.ca/cgi-ole/cs.waframe.singlepageindex

Scope: QC

Organization: National Youth in Care Network

Website: http://www.youthincare.ca

Scope: National

Organization: New Brunswick Safety Council

Website: http://www.nbsafety.com/

Scope: NB

Organization: Newfoundland and Labrador Safety Council

Website: http://www.safetycouncil.net/

Scope: NL

Organization: Nova Scotia Safety Council Website: http://www.nssafety.ns.ca/

Scope: NS

Organization: Ontario Injury Prevention Resource Centre Website: http://www.oninjuryresources.ca/home/

Scope: ON

Organization: Ontario Neurotrauma Foundation

Website: http://www.onf.org/

Scope: ON

Organization: Ontario Provincial Trauma Network

Website: http://www.lhsc.on.ca/trauma/index.htm

Scope: ON

Organization: Ontario Safety League

Website: http://www.osl.org/links.asp?flash=no

Scope: ON

Organization: Prince Edward Island Safety Council
Website: Email: stjohnamb.peisc@pei.sympatico.ca

Scope: PE

Organization: Plan-it Safe: Child and Youth Injury Prevention Centre

Website: http://www.plan-itsafe.com/

Scope: Eastern ON

Organization: Safe & Caring Schools and Communities Society

Website: http://www.sacsc.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Safe Communities Canada

Website: http://www.safecommunities.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Safe Kids Canada

Website: http://www.sickkids.ca/safekidscanada/

Scope: National

Organization: Safety Services Manitoba

Website: http://www.safetyservicesmanitoba.ca/

Scope: MB

Organization: Saskatchewan Safety Council Website: http://www.sasksafety.org/

Scope: SK

Organization: SMARTRISK

Website: http://www.smartrisk.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Think First: National Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Prevention

Foundation

Website: http://www.thinkfirst.ca/default.asp

Scope: National

Organization: Thrive! The Canadian Centre for Positive Youth Development!

Website: http://www.thrivecanada.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Vancouver Island Safety Council Website: http://www.visafetycouncil.com

Scope: Vancouver Island, BC

US

Organization: Bicycle Helmet Safety Institute

Website: http://www.helmets.org/

Organization: The Connecticut Childhood Injury Prevention Center

Website: http://www.ccmckids.org/ipc

Organization: Farm Safety 4 Just Kids Website: http://www.fs4jk.org/

Organization: Kidproof Safety

Website: http://www.kidproofusa.com/

Organization: Kids and Cars

Website: http://www.kidsandcars.org/

Organization: National Academy of Sciences Website: http://www.nasonline.org/

Organization: National Fire Protection Association

Website: http://www.nfpa.org/

Organization: Partners in Information Access for the Public Health Workforce

Website: http://phpartners.org/cehir/index.html

International

Organization: The Alliance for Safe Children (TASC)

Website: http://www.tasc-gcipf.org/

Organization: Child Accident Prevention Trust

Website: http://www.capt.org.uk/

Organization: Collaboration for Injury Prevention and Control

Website: http://www.capic.org.uk/index.html

Organization: European Child Safety Alliance

Website: http://www.eurosafe.eu.com/csi/eurosafe2006.nsf/wwwVwContent/

<u>l2europeanchildsafetyalliance.htm</u>

Organization: Injury Minimization Programme for Schools (IMPS)

Website: http://www.impsweb.co.uk/

Organization: The International Society for Violence and Injury Prevention

Website: http://www.isvip.org/

Organization: International Union for Health Promotion and Education

Website: http://www.iuhpe.org/

Organization: LifeSkills-Learning for Living

Website: http://www.lifeskills-bristol.org.uk/

Organization: Paediatric Epidemiology and Community Health Unit, University of

Glasgow

Website: http://www.gla.ac.uk/childhealth/PEACH.html

Organization: Safe Kids Worldwide

Website: http://www.safekidsworldwide.org/

Injury Prevention and Control Government Agencies

Canadian

Organization: Alberta Health and Wellness Website: http://www.health.gov.ab.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Alberta Public Health Association

Website: http://www.cms.apha.ab.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: L'Association Pour la Santé Publique du Québec

Website: http://www.aspg.org/

Organization: British Columbia Ministry of Health

Website: http://www.gov.bc.ca/health/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Canadian Health Network

Website: http://www.canadian-health-network.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Hospitals Injury Reporting and Prevention Program Website: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/injury-bles/chirpp/index.html

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Institutes of Health Research Website: http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca/index.html

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Public Health Association

Website: <u>www.cpha.ca</u>

Scope: National

Organization: Centre of Excellence for Child Welfare

Website: http://www.cecw-cepb.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Centre of Excellence for Children and Adolescents with Special Needs

Website: http://www.coespecialneeds.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Centre of Excellence for Early Child Development

Website: http://www.excellence-earlychildhood.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Centre of Excellence for Youth Engagement

Website: http://www.tgmag.ca/centres/

Scope: National

Organization: Centres of Excellence for Children's Well-Being

Website: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/dca-dea/allchildren touslesenfants/

<u>centres main e.html</u>

Scope: National

Organization: First Nations and Inuit Health Branch (Health Canada)

Website: http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fnihb/index.htm

Scope: National

Organization: Health and Community Services, Newfoundland and Labrador

Website: http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Health and Social Services Northwest Territories

Website: http://www.hlthss.gov.nt.ca/

Scope: Territorial

Organization: Health and Social Services, Nunavut

Website: http://www.gov.nu.ca/hsssite/hssmain.shtml

Scope: Territorial

Organization: Health Canada

Website: http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Manitoba Health

Website: http://www.gov.mb.ca/health/index.html

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Manitoba Healthy Living

Website: http://www.gov.mb.ca/healthyliving/

Scope: MB

Organization: Manitoba Public Health Association

Website: http://www.manitobapha.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: New Brunswick Department of Health Website: http://www.gnb.ca/0051/index-e.asp

Scope: Provincial

Organization: New Brunswick / Prince Edward Island Branch, Canadian Public Health

Association

Website: http://www.cpha.ca/en/about/provincial-associations/nb-pei.aspx

Organization: Newfoundland and Labrador Public Health Association

Website: http://www.cpha.ca/en/about/provincial-associations/nl.aspx

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Northwest Territories / Nunavut Branch, Canadian Public Health

Association

Website: http://www.cpha.ca/en/about/provincial-associations/nwt_nun.aspx

Scope: Territorial

Organization: Nova Scotia Department of Health Promotion and Protection

Website: http://www.gov.ns.ca/hpp/index.asp

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Nova Scotia Department of Health Promotion and Protection – Injury

Prevention

Website: http://www.gov.ns.ca/hpp/injuryprevention.html

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Office for Injury Prevention, Government of British Columbia

Website: http://www.healthservices.gov.bc.ca/prevent/index.html

Scope: BC

Organization: Ontario Ministry of Health and Long Term Care

Website: http://www.health.gov.on.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Ontario Ministry of Transportation

Website: http://www.mto.gov.on.ca/english/safety/topics.htm

Scope: ON

Organization: Ontario Public Health Association

Website: http://www.opha.on.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Prevention and Wellness, Government of British Columbia Website: http://www.healthservices.gov.bc.ca/prevent/index.html

Scope: BC

Organization: Prince Edward Island Health

Website: http://www.gov.pe.ca/health/index.php3

Organization: Public Health Agency of Canada

Website: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/new_e.html

Scope: National

Organization: Public Health Association of British Columbia

Website: http://www.phabc.org/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Public Health Association of Nova Scotia

Website: http://www.phans.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Santé et Services sociaux Québec

Website: http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/en/index.php

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Saskatchewan Health

Website: http://www.health.gov.sk.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Saskatchewan Public Health Association

Website: http://www.cpha.ca/en/about/provincial-associations/saskatchewan.aspx

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Yukon Health and Social Services

Website: http://www.hss.gov.yk.ca/

Scope: Territorial

Organization: Yukon Public Health Association

Website: http://www.cpha.ca/en/about/provincial-associations/yukon.aspx

Scope: Territorial

US

Organization: Indian Health Services Injury Prevention Program

Website: http://www.ihs.gov/MedicalPrograms/InjuryPrevention/index.cfm

Organization: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

Website: http://www.nhtsa.gov/portal/site/nhtsa/menuitem.5928da45f995923816

01031046108a0c/

Youth and Health Organizations

Canadian

Organization: Canadian Alliance of Community Health Centre Associations

Website: http://www.cachca.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association for School Health

Website: http://www.cash-aces.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Association of Paediatric Health Centres

Website: http://www.caphc.org/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Centre on Community and School Health also known as

Communities and Schools Promoting Health

Website: http://www.safehealthyschools.org/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Health Network

Website: http://www.canadian-health-network.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Institute of Child Health

Website: http://www.cich.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Institute for Health Information Website: http://secure.cihi.ca/cihiweb/splash.html

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Institutes of Health Research Website: http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca/index.html

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Paediatric Society

Website: http://www.cps.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Canadian Partnership for Children's Health and Environment

Website: http://www.healthyenvironmentforkids.ca/english/

Scope: National

Organization: Chronic Disease Prevention Alliance of Canada

Website: http://www.cdpac.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Community Health Nurses Association of Canada

Website: http://www.chnac.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Electronic Child Health Network

Website: http://www.echn.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: National Association of Children's Hospitals and Related Institutions

Website: http://www.childrenshospitals.net/

Scope: National

Organization: National Longitudinal Survey on Children and Youth (Human Resources

Development Canada)

Website: http://www.chass.utoronto.ca/datalib/codebooks/cstdli/nlscy.htm

Scope: National

Organization: Shriners Hospitals for Children–Canada

Website: http://www.shrinershq.org/Hospitals/Canada/

Scope: National

Organization: Thrive! The Canadian Centre for Positive Youth Development!

Website: http://www.thrivecanada.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Alberta Children's Hospital

Website: http://www.calgaryhealthregion.ca/ACH/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Alberta Research Centre for Child Health Evidence

Website: http://www.ualberta.ca/ARCHE/

Organization: Bloorview MacMillan Children's Centre

Website: www.bloorviewmacmillan.on.ca

Scope: Provincial (ON)

Organization: British Columbia Children's Hospital Website: http://www.bcchildrens.ca/default.htm

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Child Health BC

Website: http://www.bcchildrens.ca/Professionals/ChildHealthBC/

Child+Health+BC.htm

Scope: Provincial

Organization: British Columbia Child and Family Research Institute

Website: http://www.bcricwh.bc.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: British Columbia Research Institute for Children's and Women's Health

Centre

Website: <u>www.cw.bc.ca</u>
Scope: Provincial

Organization: The Child, Youth, and Family Health Network

Website: http://www.reseaudesanteenfant.ca/

Scope: Provincial (QC)

Organization: Children's Health Foundation of Saskatchewan

Website: http://www.chhf.sk.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Children's Hospital at Hamilton Health Sciences Centre

Website: www.mcmasterchildrenshospital.ca
Scope: Regional (Hamilton, Niagara area, ON)

Organization: Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario (CHEO) Institute

Website: http://www.cheori.org/
Scope: Regional (Eastern ON)

Organization: Children's Hospital of Western Ontario

Website: <u>www.chwo.org</u>

Scope: Regional (Western ON)

Organization: Child and Family Canada Website: http://www.cfc-efc.ca/

Scope: National

Organization: Child and Youth Health Network for Eastern Ontario

Website: http://www.child-youth-health.net/

Scope: Regional (Eastern ON)

Organization: Children's Hospital Foundation of Manitoba, Inc.

Website: http://www.goodbear.mb.ca/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto

Website: http://www.sickkids.ca/default.asp

Scope: Provincial

Organization: IWK Health Centre

Website: http://www.iwk.nshealth.ca/
Scope: Regional (Maritime Provinces)

Organization: Janeway Child Health Centre

Website: http://www.easternhealth.ca/OurServices.aspx?d=2&id=116&p=75

Scope: Provincial (NL)

Organization: Linked Information Networks for Kids with Disabilities in Manitoba

Website: http://www.umanitoba.ca/outreach/linkd/

Scope: Provincial

Organization: The Manitoba Institute of Child Health

Website: http://www.mich.ca/index.asp

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Montréal Children's Hospital

Website: www.thechildren.com

Scope: Provincial

Organization: Queen Alexandra Centre for Children's Health

Website: <u>www.queenalexandra.org/home.html</u>

Scope: Regional (Vancouver Island, BC)

Organization: Southern Alberta Child and Youth Health Network

Website: http://www.sacyhn.ca/
Scope: Regional (Southern AB)

Organization: Stollery Children's Hospital, Edmonton

Website: http://www.capitalhealth.ca/HospitalsandHealthFacilities/Hospitals/

StolleryChildrensHospital/default.htm

Scope: Regional (Edmonton, AB)

Organization: Sunny Hill Health Centre for Children

Website: www.sunny-hill.bc.ca

Scope: Provincial (BC)

Organization: Winnipeg Children's Hospital

Website: http://www.wch.ca/

Scope: Regional (Winnipeg, MB)

Organization: University of Manitoba, Department of Pediatrics and Child Health

Website: http://www.umanitoba.ca/faculties/medicine/units/pediatrics

Scope: Provincial

US

Organization: American Academy of Pediatrics – Child Health and Safety

Website: http://www.aap.org/default.htm

Organization: Archives of Pediatrics and Adolescent Medicine

Website: http://archpedi.ama-assn.org/

Organization: Bristol-Myers Squibb Children's Hospital

Website: http://www.bmsch.org/

Organization: The Center for Health and Health Care in Schools

Website: http://www.healthinschools.org/

Organization: Children's Safety Zone

Website: http://www.sosnet.com/safety/safety1.html

International

Organization: World Health Organization, Child Health Website: http://www.who.int/topics/child-health/en/

Experts and Informants in Injury Prevention

Name	Position/Organization	Location / Contact Information	
Babul, Shelina	Director, British Columbia Injury Research and Prevention Unit, Centre for Community Child Health Research	Room L408, 4480 Oak St., Vancouver, BC, V6H 3V4 Tel. (604) 875 – 3776, ext. 6714 <u>sbabul@</u> <u>cw.bc.ca</u>	
Banfield, Joanne	Manager, Trauma Injury Prevention, RBC First Office for Injury Prevention, Sunnybrook Health Sciences Centre	2075 Bayview Ave. H259, Toronto, ON, M4N 3M5 Tel. (416) 480 – 5912 joanne.banfield@ sunnybrook.ca	
Barrios, Lisa C.	Division of Adolescent and School Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,	4770 Buford Hwy NE, Mailstop K-33, Atlanta, GA 30341-3717, USA Tel. (770) 488 – 3215 <u>LIC8@cdc.gov</u>	
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